BPS black holes in four dimensions

Gabriel Lopes Cardoso

(Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa)

In four dimensions, Einstein-Maxwell-dilaton type theories with Weyl square interactions, when combined with N=2 supersymmetry, are theories that are encoded in a holomorphic function F.

This function F also determines Wald's entropy of BPS black holes in these theories. A successful derivation of the entropy through a counting of black hole microstates, which in string theory is often expressed in terms of modular forms, requires detailed knowledge about F.

We report on recent progress in obtaining exact results for F in a specific string model, by means of electric-magnetic duality. Based on this, we propose an approximate microstate counting formula for dyonic BPS black holes in this model.